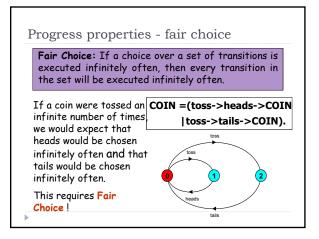
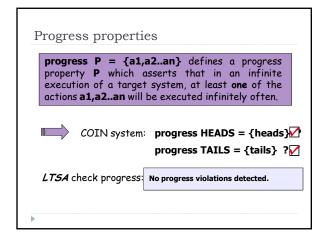
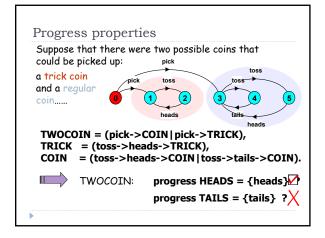


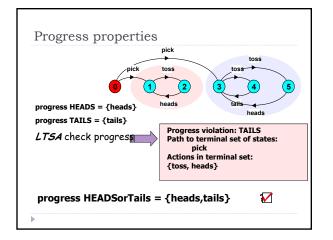
## 7.3 Liveness A safety property asserts that nothing bad happens. A liveness property asserts that something good eventually happens. Single Lane Bridge: Does every car eventually get an opportunity to cross the bridge? ie. make PROGRESS?

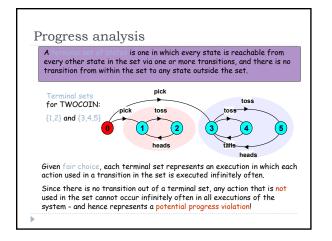
A progress property asserts that it is *always* the case that an action is *eventually* executed. Progress is the opposite of *starvation*, the name given to a concurrent programming situation in which an action is never executed.

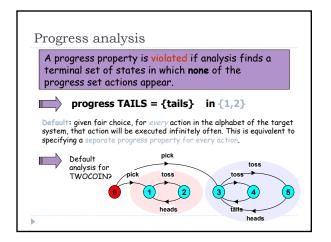


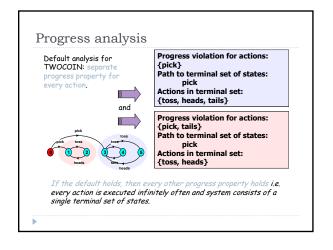


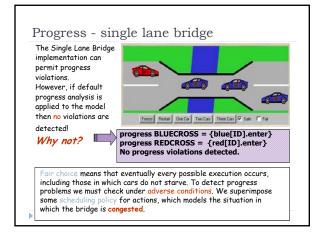




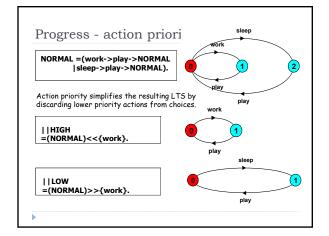


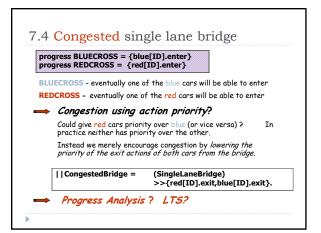


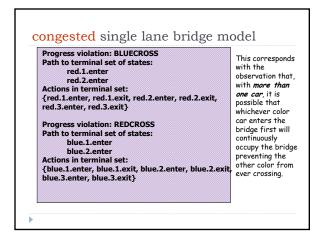


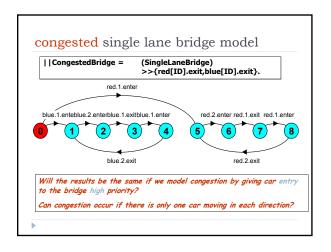


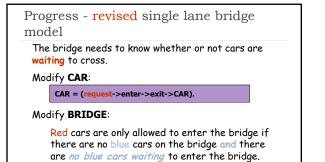
Action pric	rity expressions describe scheduling
properties High Priorit y ("<<")	C = (P  Q)<<{a1,,an} specifies a composition in which the actions a1,,an have higher priority than any other action in the alphabet of P  Q including the silent action tau. In any choice in this system which has one or more of the actions a1,,an labeling a transition, the transitions labeled with lower priority actions are
Low Priorit Y (">>")	C = (P  Q)>>{a1,,an} specifies a composition in which the actions a1,,an have lower priority than any other action in the alphabet of P  Q including the silent action tau. In any choice in this system which has one or more transitions not labeled by a1,,an, the transitions labeled by a1,,an are











Blue cars are only allowed to enter the bridge if there are no red cars on the bridge and there are no red cars waiting to enter the bridge.

