

Chapter 3 Architecture



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Assignment



- Up to 3/group
- 3% of assignment mark/about 12% of final
- Development of a **design/analysis document**, with modelling

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Your task...



- ✓ System with a GUI interface
- ✓ Help track disease
 - ✔ View patient histories
 - ✓ Select by region
 - ✓ + other functions
- ✔ Design, not implement.

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Submission



- ✓ Description of system architecture
- ✓ GUI design/analysis document concerned with the GUI interface.

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Deliverables



- A title page
- Table of contents...
- Introduction non-technical
- System architecture with justifications
- GUI design/analysis document

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Design/analysis document



Note that this assignment does not require you to implement the application, just to design one, and to model the design with prototype screens

You could use Java/Visual Basic/ a graphics editor... anything as long as you show screenshots.

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Design/analysis document



- Follow suggested structure?
- User requirement, user profile, environment
- Overview of the GUI interface
- **Description** of the interface
 - Prototype screens
 - Functional spec
 - Behavioural spec
 - Justifications relating back to user requirement.
 - A **testing** methodology

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Assessment



The assessment will be graded with the following weightings:

Introduction 10% System architecture 25% GUI design 50% **Extra** 15%

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Assessment



- The "Extra" component of the assessment is for submissions which show **clear evidence of extra** thought or care.
- In evaluating the "GUI design" component, I will also be looking for "justifications you can make for design decisions".

Try to achieve **clarity** in your writing and take care in the **structuring** of the document.

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Architecture



- ✓ GUI applications can be BIG
- ✓ Hence concern with architecture

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Architecture



- Standalone
- Shared file
- Shared database
- Web based
 - Simple
 - Scripting
 - Java

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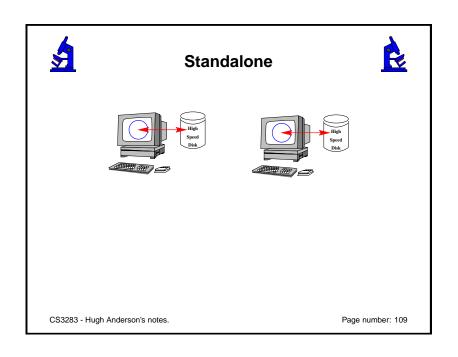


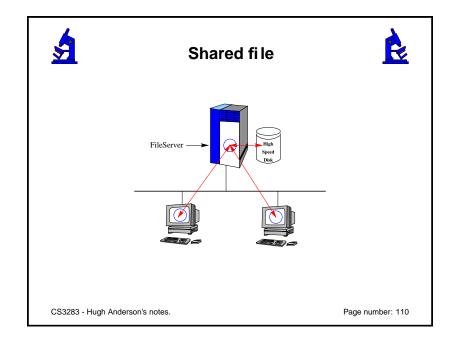
Web architecture

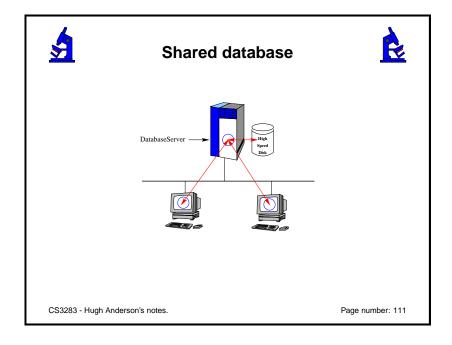


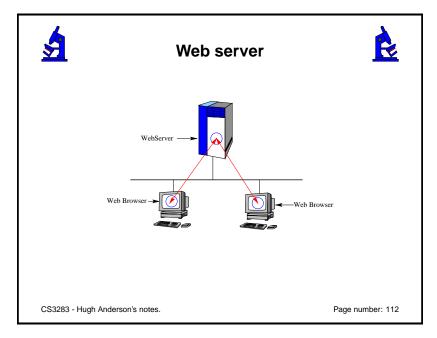
- ✓ Common to deliver applications via web browsers.
- ✓ MSIE/Navigator/iCab/Opera.. different in implementation.

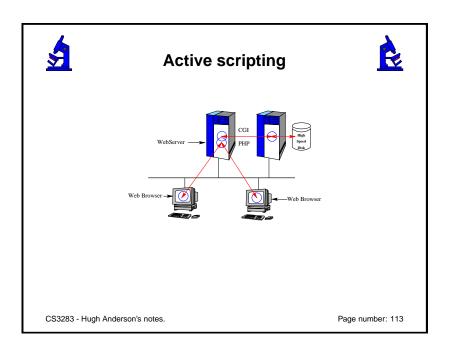
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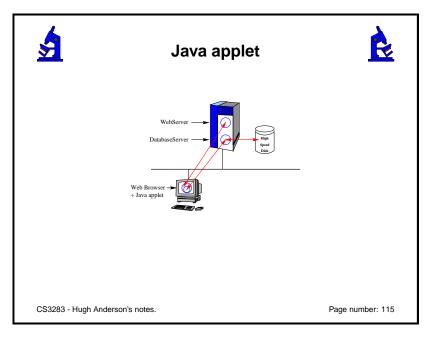














Java applet



An even more complex GUI application might be constructed using a series of interlinked web pages containing Java applets. The advantage of this, is two fold.

- 1. The processing load on the web server may be reduced.
- 2. The Java applet can directly³ communicate with a database server.

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Chapter 4



First steps

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³Note that there are some security concerns here.



GUI programming

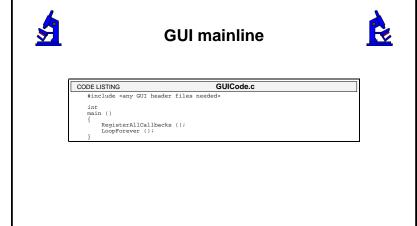


In elementary programming styles, there is a single threadof-control

- ✓ GUI programs respond to events
- ✓ Restructuring programs as a group of *callbacks*.

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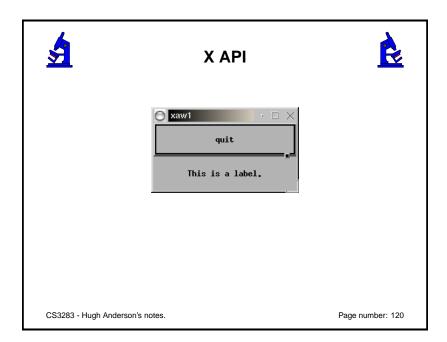


How not to ...



Don't do it the hard way!

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X source



```
CODE LISTING

Wildlish Collish Control of the Contr
```

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X compilation



gcc -o xaw1 xaw1.c -1Xt -1Xaw

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Win32 API



```
CODE LISTING SimpleWin32.c

#include <windows.h>
int STDCALL
WinMain (HINSTANCE hInst, HINSTANCE hPrev, LPSTR lpCmd, int nShow)

{
    MessageBox (NULL, "Hello, Windows!", "Hello", MB_OK);
    return 0;
}
```

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Win32 compilation



gcc -oSimpleWin32 SimpleWin32.c -mwindows

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Win32 application





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Win32 application



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Win32 application



The full source code and a makefile is available at http://www.comp.nus.edu.sg/~cs3283/ftp/generic.tgz.

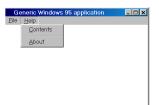
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Win32 application





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Win32 programming



Interesting tutorial at http://www.winprog.org/tutorial.

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OO GUI toolkits



No one object-oriented standard for GUI applications

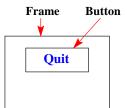
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Event handling





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GTK+



- ✓ GTK+ is a multi-platform toolkit
- ✓ By using CygWin GTK+ works on Win32.
- ✓ GTK+ is free software and part of the GNU Project.

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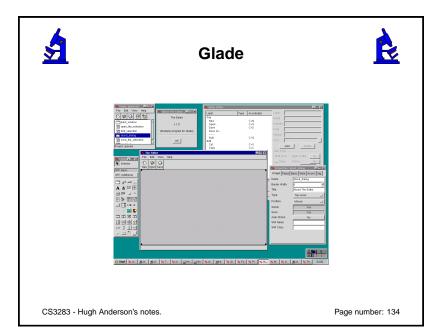
GTK+

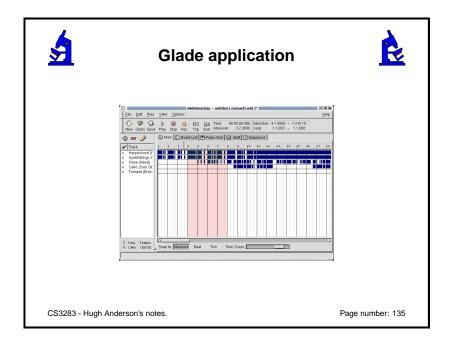


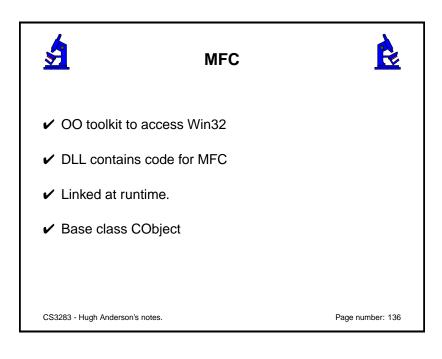
GTK+ has an object-oriented architecture with component libraries:

- GDK A wrapper for low-level windowing functions.
- GTK An advanced widget set.

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Notation



One characteristic of MFC programs is the use of Hungarian (prefix) notation for variable names. It is common to see MFC program variables prefixed with type identifiers. For example:

- dLocalMax is a double variable
- iLocalMin is an integer variable.

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Swing



- ✓ Swing components inherit from java.awt.component, and the Swing classes that are similar to AWT classes are prefixed with the letter "J".
- ✔ For example, the AWT Button class is renamed JButton.
- ✓ You can mix-and-match AWT and Swing components.

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Java/Swing



- ✓ Originally the graphical toolkit for Java was AWT, the Abstract Windowing Toolkit.
- ✓ It is fairly primitive, and the new Swing toolkit provides much more functionality.
- ✔ AWT is native code, with a Java API, but Swing is implemented on-top-of AWT.

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Swing



Java/Swing may be used in two distinct ways:

- 1. Producing a standalone application.
- 2. Producing an applet to run within a web browser.

One of the features of Swing is that it implements a pluggable look-and-feel.

The look-and-feel can even be changed dynamically.

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Web interfaces



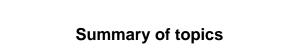
Categories:

- Server-side dynamic pages
- Server-side scripting
- Client-side scripting
- Client-side applets

We will look at some of these methods later in the course.

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In this module, we introduced the following topics:

- Programming styles to avoid
- Event driven architectures
- OO toolkits
- Web-based systems
- Scripting languages

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Scripting languages



- ✓ Scripting languages which can produce GUI interfaces are relatively easy to use.
- ✓ An effective strategy for building GUI applications is to write the GUI part in a scripting language, and to write the core 'difficult' part in C.

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Further study



http://www.public.asu.edu/~tobiazz/papers/thesis/local/gui_toolkit_list.html

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